### **KEV WORDS**

Cohort study

Bone atrophy, Maxilla, Follow-up, All-on-four, Full arch, Immediate loading

# IMMEDIATE ALL-ON-FOUR FULL-ARCH REHABILITATION OF THE MAXILLA: A RETROSPECTIVE COHORT STUDY WITH A MEAN FOLLOW-UP OF 8 YEARS



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Correspondence to: Tommaso Grandi Via Contrada, 323 - 41126 Modena, Italy t.grandi@grandiclinic.com **PURPOSE.** To report the outcomes of all-on-four treatment of patients with completely edentulous maxilla and a mean follow-up of 8 years after loading, and to investigate risk factors associated with marginal bone loss and/or the occurrence of biological or mechanical complications.

- **MATERIALS AND METHODS.** A total of 112 patients (64 women and 48 men; mean age at intervention 64.0 ± 9.2 years, range 44-81 years) either presenting with edentulous maxillae or who underwent tooth extractions because of severe periodontal disease and/or caries were included in the study. All participants were assessed after implant surgery and every year thereafter, with a mean follow-up period of 8.3 years (3025 days, range 2508-3650 days). Primary outcome measures were prosthesis and implant success, while secondary outcome measures were peri-implant marginal bone loss, as measured on periapical radiographs, and biological and mechanical complications.
- **RESULTS**. Thirteen patients dropped out (11.6%). The implant survival rate at the end of the follow-up period was 95.5%. Six implants failed in three patients and the prostheses had to be replaced. Biological and mechanical complications were reported in 17 (17.1%) and 18 (18.1%) patients, respectively. The average marginal bone level at baseline was -0.02 mm. Significant marginal bone loss was observed at 10-year follow-up (2.4 mm). Multivariate logistic regression analysis showed a significant association (P < 0.01) between smoking and marginal bone loss >3 mm. Finally, a significant (P = 0.01) association was observed between bruxism and mechanical complications.
- **CONCLUSIONS.** The high implant and prosthesis survival rate, the acceptable amount of bone loss, and the moderate incidence of biological and mechanical complications indicate that the all-on-four treatment can be considered a viable option for immediate fixed prosthetic rehabilitation of the edentulous maxilla.

## **CONFLICT OF INTEREST STATEMENT.**

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